





TO ADVERTISERS.

All advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

JOB PRINTING.

Book and Job Printing of every description neatly executed. Terms, cash on delivery of the work.

LAW MONOPOLY.

We have more than once in these columns alluded to the unsatisfactory state in which the law regulating the admission of legal practitioners in these Colonies now stands. Though at first sight it may appear to concern only the gentlemen of the wig and gown, yet a moment's reflection will serve to show that the public are equally interested in the question. Monopolies of any kind are odious. They are enemies to progress, and upon principle should not be tolerated. We may from indifference or from a false idea of expediency submit to some descriptions of them. In doing so, however, we must be careful that they do not carry exclusiveness too far. The profession of law in this colony is a case in point. As in most other countries, it is a monopoly. The fact that lawyers generally manage to have a good deal to say in the legislature of a country, and like other mortals are not entirely free from prejudices and a sense of the interests of their class will easily account for this. But it is not in every country that the monopoly stands upon an exceedingly narrow basis as it does with us. That the practice of the profession in any particular country should be confined to those who have received their legal education in that country, one would consider nothing very surprising where a formal professional qualification is required. Were such the case in these Colonies, lawyers from every other British possession would be treated alike. No distinction would in such case be made between British subjects, whether they happened to be the "surplus home population" or the hardy sons of Australia or Canada. We would then have a bar of our own, whose professional knowledge would have at least the advantage of embracing an acquaintance with our peculiar laws. But no advance has yet been made towards this state of things. No rules have been prescribed to regulate the study incumbent upon those desirous of acquiring the profession in this colony. Although the country has not hitherto suffered any serious inconvenience from this neglect, yet it should be suffered to continue. Because a plentiful supply of lawyers ready made both of the "surplus home population" and the colonies, happening to bless this colony, it is no reason why we should not have facilities for producing a crop of professionals for our selves.

We cannot coincide with our correspondent "Lex" in his views of the purposes for which the law in this respect was made. If the Home Government, acting no doubt, under the advice of the law officer of the Crown, himself an English lawyer, made certain rules for the organization of Courts of Justice in these colonies, they never contemplated their remaining unchanged. They inaugurated these institutions because none had previously existed. They knew they would require to be modified from time to time by the peculiar circumstances obtaining in this country.

This modification they, of course, expected to be effected by the Colonial Legislature. The latter were to operate upon the nucleus furnished by the Government at home. It was thought advisable to include in the Order in Council, relating to this matter, some provisions for the legal portion of the "surplus home population" was never meant to prevent the admission of professional men from other British Colonies. That was left entirely to be decided by public opinion in these colonies expressed through our Legislature. Public opinion is in favor of fair play. If we suffer professional men from one portion of the Empire to be admitted to practice law here, we are in simple justice bound to extend the like privilege to all. There should be no injurious discrimination against any portion of Her Majesty's subjects coming to this Island or British Columbia. If we exclude one we must exclude all, and vice versa. We shall not stop to inquire what the lawyers here have to do with keeping the law as it now stands, some of them perhaps may go so far as to look at it from a s. s. point of view, and consider that the fewer the hands there are to labor the greater will be their reward—for lawyers like other men are not above these considerations. But of course it is not what may be agreeable or not to a class that we have to deal with. The public interest must be paramount. No ignorant and narrow-minded prejudices must be suffered to interfere with that. We would hope, therefore, for the credit of the profession that the unfriendly and illiberal spirit shown by "Lex" towards British subjects from the colonies, does not extend to his legal brethren in this community. Sentiments of that description are certain, sooner or later to cause a reaction against those entertaining them. Free trade in law might go far perhaps to do away with the evil which an extreme monopoly, like that in these colonies is likely to produce.

INDUCEMENT TOWARDS TAKING UP LAND.

We are glad to observe that the settlements along the east coast of this island are evidently progressing most satisfactorily. Passengers continue to go up by our coasting craft to take up their residence in that fine agricultural country. Quite a number of cattle have been introduced. Houses are making their appearance, and farms are being cleared and brought under cultivation. And all the signs, in fact, of thriving industry now present themselves where twelve months ago the face of a white man was not to be seen. Those who have had the good sense to take up their home in that part of the country will not have to wait long to reap a certain rich reward. They may perhaps find some difficulties to contend with at first—and what walk of life is exempt from them—but a little patience will soon surmount them, and they will have attained an independence much sooner than if they had followed the precarious pursuit of mining. There are, no doubt, many others in our community who have some little means, but who are uncertain what to do. To those who would simply give the agricultural capabilities of the island some consideration. There is still abundance of land unoccupied. The soil is good. If one is willing to labor he may have a good farm for a mere trifle. In this country a few acres under cultivation must always continue a permanent source of income, a bank that seldom or never fails. Besides this, there is something in a man having a comfortable home for himself and his family, instead of being a wanderer from place to place as times and circumstances may move him.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET.

A COMFORTABLE BED ROOM, FURNISHED. Apply at the first of four houses, the top of Fort street.

WANTED.

A YOUNG LADY AS ASSISTANT AT THE LADY EXCHANGE. One who is unaccustomed to the business, and without incur branches preferred. Apply to T. B. WILLIAMS, Corner Broad and Fort sts.

HICKMAN TYE & CO.

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, V. I. Importers and Commission Merchants.

HICKMAN TYE & CO. HAVING

Agents in England and New York, are enabled to purchase English and American Merchandise on the best terms.

JOHN BULL HOTEL,

GOVERNMENT STREET SOUTH.

The above is now carried on by

Mr. Francis Dodd,

Who will always make it his study

TO SUPPLY HIS CUSTOMERS

WITH THE BEST OF

WINES, SPIRITS AND BEER.

That can be Bought in this Market.

A "Free and Easy"

As usual, on Wednesday and Saturday

Evenings.

N. B. F. Dodd has engaged an efficient Waitress to attend nightly.

Unclaimed Registered Letters

POST OFFICE, Victoria, V. I., March 13th, 1863.

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AUCTION SALES.

City Auction Rooms,

PORT STREET, NEAR WHARF.

DANIEL SCOTT & CO.,

Auctioneers & Commission Merchants.

Large Horse and Cattle Sales on Saturday.

A large indoor court for the accommodation of stock sent for sale.

Reference—MAGDONALD & Co., Bankers, Yates street.

Cash advanced on consignments of Merchandise, Stock, &c.

AUCTION.

DANIEL SCOTT

WILL SELL

In Front of the City Auction Rooms,

THIS DAY

Saturday, March 14,

At 11 o'clock, precisely:

THREE OR FOUR VERY FINE

Saddle

AND—

DRAUGHT HORSES,

AUCTION,

THIS DAY,

Saturday 14th Inst,

At 11 o'clock, precisely,

DANIEL SCOTT

WILL SELL

On Saturday Morning, immediately

after the sale of Horses,

Barrel Flour,

12 Bbls Isthus Butter,

1 " Oregon Roll Butter,

5 cases Cheddar Cheese,

10 boxes Knapp's Anchor Brand

Candles,

5 cases Corn Starch,

8 " Kingsford Starch,

2 bbls Hams,

10 cases Dried Beef,

10 " Lard,

etc., etc., etc.

—ALSO—

A few Sets Newest Pattern

BEDROOM WARE,

—ALSO—

Three English Sets

DINNER SERVICE,

etc., etc., etc.

—AND—

A Great many other Articles too numer-

ous to mention. mh13

Thomas Patrick & Co.

LIQUOR DEALERS.

Corner of Johnson and Government sts.

OFFER FOR SALE

BRANDIES—FRENCH—Hennessy's, Martell's,

and other brands, in bulk and cases;

DO—Spanish and American, in Bulk;

DO—Jamaica, in bulk;

WHISKIES—Scotch and Irish, in bulk and cases;

DO—Facile, in bulk and cases;

GIN—Holland, in bulk and cases;

DOOTHIES AND SWAINE, HOPPED ALE,

Old Times, in case, glass stoppers;

Jumpers Cider, in 1 dozen cases;

PORT AND MEDICINE—Various qualities, in

bulk and cases;

CLARETS—Various brands, in cases;

CHAMPAGNES—do do and quarts and pints

ALC—Various brands, 4 dozen cases;

DO—Tunney's extra strong, in 6 dozen cases, in

case, glass stoppers;

DO—Burton and Scotch, in bulk and cases;

PORTER—Byrnes' and others, in 2 and 4 dozen

cases;

CIDER—American, in small packages;

DO—Bitters and Syrup of all kinds.

Victoria, V. I., Feb. 13, 1863. mh13

FOR THE MINES!

JUST IMPORTED

3 CASES

Gum Boots.

ROPER & CO.

CORNER OF FORT AND BROAD STS.

BRICKS! BRICKS!! BRICKS!!

15,000 BRICKS FOR SALE CHEAP

Apply to W. ZEHLER, Druggist.

mh13m Car Government and Yates sts.

Shaving and Hair Cutting Saloon

W. A. SCOTT, FIFTH DOOR RE-

ferred by Government on Johnson street, Vic-

toria, has opened a first class Shaving and Hair

Cutting saloon, to which the attention of his friends

and the public is respectfully invited. mh13m

THE VANCOUVER ISLAND CUR-

RENCY ACT, 1862.

Can be obtained at

HIBBEN & CARSWELL'S STORE,

Yates street.

THE

Bank of British Columbia

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

Capital, . . . . . \$1,250,000.

In 15,000 SHARES, OF \$100 EACH.

WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened for any amount

not less than One Hundred Dollars, and every facil-

ity granted to traders and others for the transaction

of business.

DEPOSIT RECEIPTS are issued for money lodged

for fixed periods, bearing the following rates of Interest.

On money lodged for 1 month certain, at the rate of

3 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 3 months certain, at the rate of

4 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 6 months certain, at the rate of

5 per cent. per annum.

On money lodged for 12 months certain, at the rate of

6 per cent. per annum.

No partial payment made on these receipts. Inter-

est payable half yearly, and the principal not due

until the expiry of the period for which the money

is lodged.

DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES—Approved Bills dis-

NEW ADVERTISEMENT

SPLENDID FARM

For Sale.

District of Metchoshin.



THE BRITISH COLONIST

Saturday Morning, March 14, 1863.

AUCTION SALES TO-DAY.

P. M. BACKUS will sell, at 11 o'clock, A. M., on the premises opposite the St. Nicholas Hotel, a large stock of Hardware, Lamps, etc. Taken lately afterwards the good will and fixtures of a Bakery.

DANIEL SCOTT will sell, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at salesroom, a number of Saddle and Draught Horses. Immediately afterwards, a quantity of Barrel Flower, etc.

CITY COUNCIL.

A meeting of the body took place at 8 p. m. Present—The Worshipful the Mayor, and a full board.

After the minutes of the previous meeting had been read, Mr. Copland stated that he held the title "City Council," which he had "City Council" in future, in conformity with the Act of Incorporation.

Capt. Reid considered that Victoria was only a town and not entitled to be called a city.

A long discussion ensued, which was terminated by a resolution being carried on the motion of Mr. Copland, that Victoria should be styled a "city" in future.

HUMBOLDT STREET DEVIATION. The following communication from the City Surveyor in relation to the above matter was read.

GENTLEMEN.—In reply to a communication from your honorable body requiring my reasons for altering the present line of Humboldt street, I have the honor to inform you that such alteration was made by the Land Office authorities prior to the incorporation of the town of Victoria, at the request of a majority of the property-holders on Humboldt street, and that the same has been conveyed to the town such portions of their lots as are required for the proposed alteration.

I have, &c.,

FRED. WALTER GREEN.

Mr. Copland stated that in his opinion the alteration alleged to be illegal, and a gross violation of the rights of property holders. Mr. Crighe had erected his fence several years ago, according to the official map then existing, and no arbitrary power could deprive him of his property in a summary manner. The City Surveyor must have been misled by the Land Office authorities. The sidewalk lately put down in Humboldt street in accordance with the altered line was a great obstruction to the thoroughfare, and the Council should see to its removal. The report was then placed on file.

INSURING THE STREETS.

A communication from Messrs. Jeffray, Bray, and Reynolds, contractors for grading and macadamizing Johnson street, complaining of having been abruptly stopped from opening a gravel pit in the middle of a street near the town hall, and asking the permission of the Council, was next read.

The Mayor said that it had been represented to him that the excavation alluded to was likely to prove a serious nuisance to the thoroughfares, and that he had dispatched the City Inspector to the spot.

On the motion of Mr. Seabury the matter was referred for the consideration of the City Surveyor.

EDUCATION.

A petition from Mr. Lowe on behalf of Mr. Macdonald, praying that the sidewalk in front of his property on Broad street might be constructed less than regulation width, came next under discussion.

Several motions were made, but finally the petition was placed on file.

A letter from Mr. E. C. Wallington, reminding the Council of the petition from seven-tenths of the property holders on Johnson street, between Douglas and Quadra streets, and praying that action be speedily taken on the same, was next read.

On motion of Mr. Copland, it was resolved that tenders be immediately called for the said work.

The next communication was from Mr. Tinsford, on behalf of a client, who wished to be permitted to retain a sidewalk at the corner of Gordon street at less than its authorized width.

On the motion of Mr. Copland, it was resolved that the petitioner be notified that less than six feet.

A communication from the City Surveyor stating that Messrs. Hicks & Bawden were in respect of their contract, was next read.

Mr. Stomach moved that it be placed on file.

The Mayor said it would be better to draw a cheque on the bank and take the chance of the manager honoring it.

Mr. Copland said that such a matter should be submitted to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Seabury coincided. He believed that \$2,000 had been paid away, whereas only \$500 had been voted, and he felt it his duty publicly to protest against it.

The Mayor believed that all the money hitherto expended had been voted.

After a considerable discussion, Mr. Stomach moved that the following resolution be adopted: That no moneys shall in future be paid up on any certificate, or any account, unless authorized by a vote of the Council, and that the Clerk be instructed not to enter any cheque unless the amount has been duly voted by the Council.

PASSED.

The By-laws for the collection of City taxes came up for a final reading.

On the motion of Mr. Copland, it was resolved that gold assayers be required to pay \$10 per annum, and half-yearly.

Mr. Copland remarked upon the serious damage done to the streets by the Gas Company, and moved that Gas and Water Companies be taxed one per cent. upon the gross amount of their respective bills.

Messrs. Lewis, Seabury and Stomach spoke in favor of a more moderate imposition.

Mr. Lewis moved an amendment, that the tax be fixed at 1/2 per cent.

It was finally agreed that Water Companies should be taxed at 4 per cent.

When the vote on Gas Companies was considered, the vote on the amendment proved a tie, when the Mayor voted against it, so the motion was carried.

The By-laws then passed after several other important amendments, finally passed.

Mr. Seabury moved that the Mayor be authorized to pay to Messrs. Hicks & Bawden, the sum of \$800 on account.—Carried.

On the motion of Mr. Copland a committee was appointed to act in conjunction with the City Surveyor to ascertain and determine disputed boundaries within the city, viz., Messrs. Gordon, Seabury, and Stomach.

The Council then adjourned until Monday evening.

SUPREME COURT.—Charles Cornubom, on a writ of *habeas corpus*, was brought again before Chief Justice Cameron yesterday morning. Mr. Ring, who appeared for the prisoner, addressed the Court on the merits of the case and urged that the prisoner ought to be discharged. His Honor, after glancing at the documents, said that there were only depositions in support of one of the three charges, viz., that of conspiring to defraud creditors. The Attorney General addressed the Court, asking that time might be given for the Police Magistrate to produce depositions in support of the other charges.

His Honor finally postponed the consideration of the case until Monday morning next, the prisoner in the meantime being liberated on bail, his own recognizance for £100, and two sureties in £25 each.

VICTORIA THEATRE.—Mr. Potter and his company having returned from New Westminster intent reopening the Theatre here to-night, for the spring season. The excellent play of "The Robbers" has been selected for representation. Mr. Waldron will appear, supported by the full strength of the stock company. The laughable farce of the "Pleasant Neighbor" will wind up the evening's proceedings. Mr. John Ward will appear in the part of W. Hope there will be a full house to reward the managers efforts to keep up the drama amongst us.

New Buoy.—A new buoy for Brothie's ledge is now being constructed under the direction of the Harbourmaster. It will be put down about the beginning of next week.

TRADING LIQUOR TO INDIANS.—It is with great pleasure that we learn the Government are determined to put a stop, as far as is in their power, to the practice which has been carried on for a long time past by parties belonging to this city, of trading liquor to Indians along the North West Coast of British Columbia. An order was issued by the Governor directing Mr. Titcombe, the active Customs Officer at this port for British Columbia, not to allow any liquor to be shipped on board vessels bound for Stekin or any other part of the North West Coast. On this order being promulgated, several interested parties waited on His Excellency, and requested him to rescind the order, on the grounds that white men in that northern climate required some stimulant to enable them to stand the hardships they are necessarily exposed to. Fortunately His Excellency, from personal experience and knowledge of the country, well knew that the kind of stimulant to which the Indians are addicted is far more injurious than useful, and bowed on the deputation without giving them the slightest encouragement that he would accede to their request. Our contemporary states in its issue of yesterday, that His Excellency has consistently refused to accede to the demand for six cases of liquor. We believe this statement is not correct, as no such order has been issued. So far from that being the case, before the departure of the steamer "Couchouche," the Order in question having been issued in the order which he had received, went on board and had every drop of liquor not required by the officers of the ship, removed on shore. We trust this policy will be persevered in, as the City Surveyor must have been aware that such alteration was made by the Land Office authorities prior to the incorporation of the town of Victoria, at the request of a majority of the property-holders on Humboldt street, and that the same has been conveyed to the town such portions of their lots as are required for the proposed alteration.

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VOTES FOR 1863.

|   |      |
|---|------|
| The Governor.....                                     | 3880 |
| Colonial Secretary.....                               | 2123 |
| Secretary of the Colonies.....                        | 1455 |
| Treasurer.....  | 2123 |
| Survey-General.....                                   | 1700 |
| Indian Claims at Cowichan.....                        | 9700 |
| Clerk in the Colonial Secretary's office.....         | 1450 |
| Assistant-Surveyor.....                               | 1700 |
| Post Master.....                                      | 600  |
| Extra Assistant.....                                  | 300  |
| Harbor Master.....                                    | 1200 |
| Boatmen.....  | 600  |
| Registrar.....  | 1500 |
| Clerk of the Peace.....                               | 1000 |
| Clerk to Attorney-General.....                        | 1000 |
| Sheriff.....  | 970  |
| Commissioner of Police.....                           | 1500 |
| Registrar General.....                                | 1500 |
| Commissioner of Police.....                           | 1500 |
| Clerk and Stenographer.....                           | 600  |
| Two Sergeants at \$50 per month.....                  | 1200 |
| Eight Constables at \$24 per month.....               | 4800 |
| C. G. K.....  | 225  |
| Sergeant at Equinall.....                             | 600  |
| Goverment House.....                                  | 600  |
| Gardner.....  | 750  |
| Assistant Gardner.....                                | 600  |
| Superintendent of Police.....                         | 1000 |
| Two Guards.....                                       | 1000 |
| Assessor.....   | 2425 |
| House of Assembly.....                                | 1250 |
| House of Assembly Printing.....                       | 750  |
| Magistrate at Nanaimo.....                            | 1200 |
| Police, cleaning office, stationery and sundries..... | 2575 |
| Printing for all departments.....                     | 3850 |

|  |      |
|--|------|
| ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE.                                 |      |
| Attorney General.....                                      | 1455 |
| Cornet, fees to.....                                       | 145  |
| Witnesses, fees to.....                                    | 388  |
| Contingencies.....   | 50   |
| Erection of Debt House.....                                | 600  |
| Police—Clothing for Superintendent's sixteen men.....      | 1018 |
| Food, water, and light.....                                | 475  |
| Boatmen.....   | 600  |
| Transport and forage for Superintendent's sixteen men..... | 475  |
| Amusement.....   | 50   |
| Building, and repairs.....                                 | 2425 |
| Costs of the Corporation of Police.....                    | 3850 |
| Clothing for Guards.....                                   | 364  |
| Food for Prisoners.....                                    | 291  |
| Medical, and medical attendance.....                       | 400  |
| Tools and implements.....                                  | 388  |
| Building, and other necessities.....                       | 2425 |
| Postage.....   | 150  |
| Rent of Harbor Master's office.....                        | 300  |
| For general purposes.....                                  | 6000 |
| Conveyance of Mails to New Westminster.....                | 290  |

|   |            |
|---|------------|
| CONVEYANCE.   |            |
| Conveyance of Mails.....  | 1000       |
| Improvement of Harbours.....  | 80,200     |
| Reaction of Powder Magazine.....  | 3,638      |
| Completion of Court House.....  | 3,638      |
| Repair of Court House.....  | 3,638      |
| Painting Docks, &c.....   | 388        |
| Equilibrium Road.....   | 5,820      |
| Clearing of the Harbor.....   | 7,275      |
| Mount Newton Cross Roads.....   | 2,485      |
| Metropolitan Road and Bridges.....  | 2,485      |
| Sooke Road.....   | 1,213      |
| Cadboro Bay Road.....   | 2,425      |
| Mount Newton Cross Roads.....   | 2,485      |
| Victoria South Coast.....   | 1,212      |
| Burdette Deviation.....   | 1,212      |
| Surveys and Explorations.....   | 2,425      |
| Occasional employment of Surveyors in sections of the coast.....  | 1,450      |
| Sheriff—Copying List of Voters and expenses connected therewith.....  | 130        |
| Fire Brigade.....   | 250        |
| Immigration—To aid Immigration, and assist in the maintenance of an office to give information to Immigrants..... | 2,425      |
| Indian services.....  | 600        |
| Interest on \$100,000 loan.....   | 2,063      |
| Interest on Temporary Loan.....   | 2,063      |
| Sinking Fund—Annual payment at 3 per cent. for the redemption of \$400,000 Loan.....                              | 7,217      |
| Expense incurred with the Stamp Act.....  | 1,000      |
| Light House Expenses.....   | 2,510      |
| Formation of Library for House of Assembly.....   | 1,000      |
| Small-pox Hospital.....   | 1,000      |
| Royal Hospital—for building Female Ward.....  | 750        |
| Excess of Expenditure over amount voted by the House for the year 1862.....                                       | 321,370 33 |
| Total.....  | 929,703 33 |

THE BENCH AND THE BAR.

EDITOR BARNUM COLEMAN.—Sir: A letter appeared in yesterday's issue of your paper signed "Lex." It animadverted upon some strong reflections recently cast upon the bar by the *Chronicle*. Here the labors of "Lex" are not confined to the 20th ult. it gave way, and precipitated the engine and four cars into the river. From 50 to 100 passengers were drowned. On the 27th ult. 20 freight cars loaded with persons going to Nashville, were seized and burned by 20 armed guerrillas, 12 miles below Bowling Green. The Confederates then fired up the locomotive and sent it ahead at full speed. The late rains had injured the bridge over the Nashville and the train returned to Nashville, and the locomotive stopped on the track when the stean was exhausted.

DEPARTURE OF THE "LANOUCHEE."—This steamer left the harbor at an early hour yesterday morning, bound for the Northwest Coast of British Columbia. Among the passengers on board was Mr. Cunningham, who goes up to assist the Rev. Mr. Duncan in the Indian Mission at Fort Simpson.

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**MEDICAL.**

**Dr. C. H. DeWolfe,**

**GUARANTEES CURES IN ALL CASES** of disease. No matter how bad your case be the name of the malady, call and learn his of treatment and he will heal you and restore you to health.

**CONSULTATIONS FREE.**

at the corner of Douglas and View streets.  
in

**DR. CLERJON,**

from PARIS,

**Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur** of the **Hospitals of St. Louis, St. Johnes, in** and adjoining St. Nicholas Hotel.

Treatment of all Diseases without Mercury.  
to

**G. W. COOL,**

**DRUGGIST**

Office, on Langley street,

Next to Eberhardt's Hotel,

VICTORIA, V. I. Feb 8 - 1m

**THE WORLD'S FRIEND!**

**Willow's Ointment.**

**A Cure for Piles and Fistulas.**

Annihilation of sensitive parts, piles, fistulas, and the painful diseases may be presently relieved, and permanently cured, by the proper and diligent use of cooling and healing Ointment, whose action is such that it is equally suitable for the young and old. There are many days have elapsed the anxious pain and all experience a wonderful degree of ease from this Ointment. They are equally suitable for Coughs and all ages.

**Coughs, Colds, and Asthma.**

complaints of the chest cannot be cured with alarm accuracy. The Ointment should assiduously be administered twice a day on the chest and between the shoulders, until the violence of all symptoms will give way, the breathing become longer, the oppression be removed. In such cases more and such complaints, none can be used with safety and certainty. Both Piles and Hemorrhoids accompanied by very clear and simple directions for their cure.

Persons who refused to have his Leg off,

the *Victorian Advocate* Nov 18 1888

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| The following cases: |             |
|----------------------|-------------|
| Chloroform           | Fistulas    |
| Cholera              | Goiter      |
| Chopped lungs        | Glandular   |
| Croup (Whooping)     | Scars       |
| Diarrhoea            | Scrofula    |
| Dislocation          | Sore-throat |
| Emphysema            | Sore-eyes   |
| Enlarged             | Sore-arms   |
| Stiff joints         | Stomach     |
| Phlebotomy           | Wounds      |
|                      | Warts       |
|                      | Wet         |
|                      | Wet Pimple  |

There is a considerable saving by taking the

—Directions for the guidance of patients in disorder are affixed to each lot.

LANGLEY BROS. AND CURTIS & MOORE  
of VINCENNES, Ind.

## JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT.

Twenty years of experience has demonstrated beyond doubt, that JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT is every other remedy for the cure of

ASTHMA,  
BRONCHITIS,  
CONSUMPTION,  
CROUPS AND COLDS,  
CROUP AND WHOPPING COUGH,  
SPITTING OF BLOOD,  
AND ALL PULMONARY COMPLAINTS.

Many other Remedies have been lauded and sold, but JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT has continually increased in popularity and there is scarcely an inhabitant part of the continent who is not well and highly appreciated. The following are a few of the many testimonials received from

VALENTINE GALT, of the Methodist Church, writes as follows:

"I have experienced the beneficial effects of your JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT in the cure of my cough, and am the very best I ever had occasion to use, and I can recommend it to all who are afflicted with any of the above mentioned ailments."

W. WYSTER, of Milwaukee, Wis., writes:  
With great pleasure that I can recommend  
this medicine for those suffering from Bronchial Asthma,  
Croup, Whooping Cough, and all other respiratory results.

CATHAN PENNAPACK, of Upper Wheeling, Chester  
Co., Pa., says:  
I have been afflicted with ASTHMA and BRONCHITIS,  
the treatment of several skillful physicians proving  
unavailing. I have used your EX-PECTOR-  
ANT after taking it for about three months, and  
I am now free from all my troubles.

JOSEPH BOWEN, D. D., Pastor of the Berean Baptist  
Church, N. Y., writes:  
I can only know the virtues of your EX-PECTOR-  
ANT by the fact that I have been afflicted for years  
with COUGHS or CROUPS. I believe it to be one  
of the best remedies for such troubles.

REBECCA DORT, of Twenty Mile Stand, Warren  
Ohio, says:  
I have had an attack of ASTHMA, the most distress-  
ing I ever experienced. I have tried all the medi-  
cine I returned home almost unable to breathe,  
and I have used your EX-PECTORANT, and I am  
now free from all my troubles. I believe it to be  
one of the best remedies for such troubles.

W. J. WATON, Mississippi, of the Press, Board at  
Rich, Northern India, says:  
I have used your EX-PECTORANT with means under Providence  
and I have been cured of my troubles. I have  
on pronounced favorable by competent medical  
men.

EDWARD SCHWARTZ, of Cuyahoga, Wis., says:  
I have been afflicted with the WHOOPING COUGH prevailed to some ex-  
treme place, the disease seemed to be able on phys-  
icians. I have used your EX-PECTORANT was used,  
and I had failed to cure.

NORMAN EGG, of Shawmut, N. H., writes:  
I have been afflicted with a very violent and  
long-continued CROUP, which made it impos-  
sible for me to breathe. I have used your EX-  
PECTORANT, and I have been cured. I have  
on pronounced favorable by competent medical  
men.

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